```
Scott & Fetzer Co. [Ohio] Co: S155700000
    14701 Detroit Avenue
    Lakewood, ohio 44107
        SEC File No: 1-5629 ExCh: NYSE/SFZ
        IRS NO: 34-0517040 CUSIP: 8093676
        Fiscal Year Ends: 11/30 SIC No: }36
Regst S-16 Filed: 1/31/74
    Reg. No: 2-50140
    \square Common stcck offering; Shareholder offering
    volume of Securities Registered: 121,675 shares
    Volume to be offered: 121,675 shares
    proposed Price: Various
    Principal Underwriter: None
    Legal Counsel: Jones, Day, Cockley & Reavis
    Selling shareholders are former officers and shareholders of
    Streamway Products, Inc, and Lakewood Industries, Inc, who acquired
    shares when these companies were subsequently acquired by Scott &
    Fetzer Co.
    Eahibits: None indexed
Proxy Dated: 2/12/74 Rec: 2/13/74
    Meeting: Annual 3/19/74
    Exceptional Subjects: None
    Exhibits: None
ARS FOI: 11/30/73 Rec: 2/13/74
    Auditor: Coopers & Lybrand
    Revenues: $270,714,000 Earnings: $20.869.000/$2.76
    Assets: $136,076.000 Net Horth: $83.837.000
    Extr. Items: None Shareholders: 8.498
    Abstract: Sales increased 18%, earnings rose 15%. Acquired Power-
    winch/Ja-Son and Carefree. Estaolished marketing license with
    Japanese firm. Participated in new joint venture to import bulbs
    and light fixtures.
10-K FOI: 11/30/73 Rec: 2/28/74
    Description of Business: Manufactures Kirby vacuum cleaners and
    other flocr maintenance equipment and supplies. produces water con-
    tol equipment for mobilehomes; utility and service truck bodies for
    on-the-road equipment; cutlery; plastic containers; connectors and
    fittings for compressed gas application; and frames for direct dial
    telephone installations. Manufactures leather goods; chain saws;
    scissors; faint spraying units; recreational hitching and towing
    equipment; powerized windlasses, hoists, and winches for marine
    applications; and zinc die cast electrical fittings and transformers.
    produces television antennas, rotors, couplers and mounting de-
    vices, and lighting fixtures all sold by division salesmen.
        a Home vacuum cleaner mfr; Industrial vacuum cleaner mfr; Floor
        maintenance equipment mfr
        \square Electrical equipment mfr; Transformer mfr
        \square Television equipment mfr; Television antenna mfr
        a Lighting fixture mfr; Table lamp mfrrac=,=
        \square Plastic container mfr
        \square Leather goods mfr
        \square Sprayer mfr; Painting equipment mfr
        a Faucet mfr; Valve mfr; pipe fitting mfr; Fluid handling equipment
        mfr
        a Truck body mfr; Automotive parts mfr; Hydraulic system mfr
        a Cutlery mfr
        a plastic container mfr
        \square Telephone equipment mfr
    RESUME CONTINUED ON NEXT FRAME
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－Leather goods mfr
$\square$ Saw mfr；Cutting tool mfr
$\square$ Photocraphic equipment wholesaling；Plasíic identitication card mfr
口 Sprayer mfr；Painting equipment mfr
口 Electrical equipment mfr；Transformer mfr；Electrical suppiy mfr
口 Television equipment mfr；Television antenna mfr
a Electrical equipment wholesaling
a Lighting fixture mfri Table lamp mfr
－Fractional horsepower motor mfr
Auditor＇s Report：Unqualified
Financial Statements and Notes：
口 Merger and acquisition；＊Ninety－Niner Corp．；Poolings of interests
口 Merger and acquisition；＊Ninety－Niner Corp．；Awning mfr
口 Merger and acguisition；＊powerwinch Corp．；poolings of interests
口 Merger and acquisition；＊Powerwinch Corp．；Automotive power tool $m f r$
口 Merger and acquisition；＊John Ahlbin $\varepsilon$ Sons，Inc．；Poolings of interests
－Merger and acquisition；＊John Ahlbin $\varepsilon$ Sons，Inc．；Scissors mfr
－Merger and acquisition；＊Carefree Corp．；Poolings of interests
口 Merger and acquisition；＊Carefree Corp．；Auning mfr
口 fybrid foreign translation methods；Foreign exchange parity； Fixed assets；Depreciation costs
a Hybrid foreign translation methods；Year end currency exchange rates；Current assets；Current liabilities
u Lease commitments；present value
－Debt financing；Short term debt；Subsequent events
Exhibits：
a Ex：Merger and acquisition agreements；＊Carefree Corporation； ＊The Ninety－Niner Corporation
－Ex：Merger and acquisition agreements；＊John Ahlbin \＆Sons，Incor－ porated；＊The Power－Winch Corporation
10－Q For：2／28／74 Rec：4／10／74
Prspct Fff：2／22／74 Rec：2／26／74
Reg．No：2－50140
Changes from Reg：None

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Scott & Fetzer Co. [Ohio] Co: S155700000
    14701 Detroit Avenule
    Lakewood, Ohio 44107
        SEC File NO: 1-5629 Exch: NYSE/SFZ
        TRS NO: 34-0517040 CUSIP: 8093676
        Fiscal Year Ends: 11/30 SIC No: 363
10-Q For: 5/31/74 Rec: 7/25/74
Prspct Eff: 6/26/74 Rec: 7/1/74
    Related Reg. No.: 2-47510
    Covers 530.840 shares of common stock offered under the 1967 and
    1973 stock option plans.
Regst S-16 Filed: 6/28/74
    Reg. No: 2-51467
    79.996 shares of Common stock offered by nine security holders. Selling
    shareholders acquired company stock in mergers of Carefree corp. and
    The Ninety-Niner Corp. into Company 9/73.
    principal Underwriter: None
    Legal Counsel: Jones, Day, Cockley & Reavis
    \square Common stock offering; Shareholder offering
Prspct Eff: 7/19/74 Rec: 7/23/74
    Related Reg. No.: 2-51467
    Covers 79,996 shares Common Stock offered by selling shareholders
    consisting of 13 individuals who acquired shares in 1973 merger
    with Carefree Corp. and The Ninety-Niner Corp.
8-K For: 8/31/74 Rec: 9/11/74
    Ind. Air Pollution Control Board held hearings on alleged air
    pollution by Campbell-Hausfeld Div.
    Entered $30 million revolving credit agreement with National
    City Bank, et al.; drew down $24.6 million.
        \square Ecological regulatory proceedings; Air pollution; public hearings
        \square Long tern bank loans; Revolving lines of credit; *National City
        Bank, et aj..
    Exhibits
        \square Ex: Revolving credit agreements; *8/1/74; *National City Bank,
                et al.
Regst s-16 Filed: 10/7/74
    Reg. No: 2-52112
    4,694 shares of Common Stock to be offered by shareholders. Selling
    shareholders are two individuals who acquired their shares in
    1972 merger of Hestern Enterprises. Inc. into Company.
    principal Underwriter: None
    Leqal Counsel: Jones. Day. Cockley & Reavis
        \square Common stcck offering; Shareholder offering
    10-0 For: 8/31/74
    Prspct Eff: 10/31/74
    Related Reg. No: 2-52112
    Covers 44,694 shares of Common Stock offered by two selling
    shareholders who acquired stock in company's 8/16/72 merger with
    Western Enterprises. Inc. Some or all of these shares may be pledged
    to Lorain National Bank, Lorain. Ohio in connection with loans made
    to sharehclders by pledgee.
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# S $155-700$ <br> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM $10-\mathrm{K}$

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) of the securities Exchange act of 1934

For the fiscal year ended November 30, 1974
Commission File Number 0-231

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)
$\frac{\text { Ohio }}{\begin{array}{l}\text { (State or other jurisdiction of } \\ \text { incorporation or organization) }\end{array}}$
$\frac{14600 \text { Detroit Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio }}{\text { (Address of principal executive offices) }}$

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:


Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class
Common Shares Without Par Value ( $\$ 1.25$ Stated Value)

Name of each exchange on
$\qquad$
New York Stock Exchange, Inc. Midwest Stock Exchange
Pacific Stock Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes $\qquad$ No $\qquad$ .

## PART I

Except as otherwise stated, the information contained in this report is as of November 30, 1974, the close of the fiscal year of the Registrant ("Scott \& Fetzer" or "Company").

## Item 1. BUSINESS

Scott \& Fetzer is a diversified company whic manufactures and sells products in the floor care, commercial/industrial, leisure time, electrical and lighting markets. One of Scott \& Fetzer's principal product lines is vacuum cleaners and related accessories primarily for home use sold under the Kirby and other brand names. Scott \& Fetzer has 31 operating units most of which were independent businesses acquired subsequent to 1963 .

Founded in 1914, Scott \& Fetzer was incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio on November 30, 1917. Its general offices are located at 14600 Detroit Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio 44107, and its telephone number is (216) 228-6200. All references to Scott \& Fetzer relate to Scott \& Fetzer and its subsidiaries and their predecessors, unless the context indicates otherwise.

## Lines of Business

The following table sets forth the approximate amount and percentage of total sales and insome before taxes attributable to each line of business for each of the last five fiscal years. Such figures and related information reflect the acquisition of companies accounted for as poolings of interests and as purchases, and the disposition of businesses. Scott \& Fetzer's lines of business are based in part on the similarity of certain of its products and in part on the similarity of the markets in which its products are sold, Such data reflect the allocation of certain expenses and other arbitrary determinations.

## BLANR PAGE



(1) Inconie before Federall, state, local and Canadian income taxes.


During the fiscal year ended November 30, 1974, a major national retailing concern purchased products from various divisions of Scott \& Fetzer which in the aggregate accounted for approximately $12 \%$ of total sales for such fiscal year. This national retailer has been a purchaser of Scott \& Fetzer's products (including those of acquired companies) for periods varying between approximately 18 and 38 years depending on the particular type of product. A major portion of the products purchased by this retailing concern was within the Leisure Time line of business. No other customer accounted for a material percentage of total sales. Scott \& Fetzer does not believe that the loss of any other single customer would have a material adverse effect on its total business.

## Floor Care

Scott \& Fetzer manufactures and distributes a wide variety of vacuum cleaners and other floor maintenance equipment and supplies for consumer, industrial and institutional use. It also manufactures and sells to other manufacturers certain component parts incorporated in such equipment.

Floor maintenance equipment for consumer use is sold primarily under the Kirby' name, and certain other floor maintenance equipment for such use is sold under the private labels of customers. Scott \& Fetzer, which entered the household vacuum cleaner field in 1919, manufactures and sells the Kirby upright vacuum cleaner and related floor care and other accessories. Kirby Division products are sold exclusively by the direct sales method in the home through approximately 700 independent distributors located throughout the United States and Canada which have a combined direct sales force of over 11,500 persons. The Kirby Division's sales to distributors are substantially all for cash. In fiscal 1974, nc one distributor accounted for more than $2 \%$ of Kirby Division sales. Domestic sales are fairly evenly distributed throughout the country, based upon population densities. The sale of vacuum cleaners and related accessories primarily for home use under the Kirby and other names, as well as private labels, accounted for approximately $20 \%, 22 \%, 22 \%, 23 \%$ and $20 \%$ of total sales of Scott \& Fetzer for each of the fiscal years 1970 through 1974, respectively.

In addition to the Kirby products, Scott \& Fetzer manufactures and sells under the American-Lincoln and Wilshire names an extensive line of power-driven incustrial and institutional floor maintenance equipment and related supplies including industrial-type polishers, sanders, wet floor scrubbers, tank-type vacuum cleaners and sweepers ranging in size up to, and including, tractor mounted scrubbers and sweepers. The Company also manufactures motors and roller and flat brushes for vacuum cleaners, polishers and other floor maintenance equipment.

## Commercial/Industrial

Scoit \& Fetzer manufactures a variety of products having commercial and industrial applications, the major items of which are air compressors, components of tracks for military vehicles, and leather goods which are sold to the mass merchandise market. Scott \& Fetzer also manufactures utility and service truck bodies and related equipment, suspension system components for vehicles, as well as plumbing fixtures utilized primarily in mobile homes.

One of Scott \& Fetzer's divisions markets color photo-identification systems for drivers' licenses currently in use by motor vehicle departments of 20 states. Similar systems are marketed for credit cards, college and industrial identification cards, and other personal identification applications.

In addition, Scott \& Fetzer manufactures and sells cutlery and other household items primarily for promotional use by a variety of businesses engaged in the distribution of consumer products. Scott \& Fetzer also makes and sells injection-molded plastic items and assorted plastic containers, as well as chain saws, scissors, shears and trimmers.

Also within the Commercial/Industrial line Scott \& Fetzer manufactures connectors and fittings for compressed gas applications and various precision equipment for use in processing industries for the measurement of pressure, vacuum and flow of liquids.

Scott \& Fetzer's commercial/industrial products are sold through a variety of distribution systems including wholesalers, jobbers and direct sales.

## Leisure Time

Scott \& Fetzer manufactures primarily for home use complete, as well as component parts of, spraying units, including small compressors, for the spraying of paints and other liquids. These products are sold by mass merchandisers under private labels and by hardware stores under the Campbell-Ilausfeld brand name. For the fiscal years 1970 through 1974, the sale to the leisure time market of complete spraying units and components accounted for approximately $7 \%, 9 \%, 11 \%, 12 \%$ and $13 \%$, respectively, of total sales of Scott \& Fetzer.

For the leisure time markel Scott \& Fetzer also manufactures and markets primarily through independent distributors hitching and towing equipment, including trailer hitches, balls, couplers and other related towing items, and recreational vehicle awnings.

In addition, Scott \& Fetzer manufactures and markets primarily through independent distributors electrical and mechanical winches for marine and other applications.

## Electrical

Scott \& Fetzer manufactures and sells numerous electrical components and products, including zinc die cast electrical fittings and transformers and ballasts for indoor and outdoor electrical signs. It also makes and sells timing devices for residential and commercial automatic laundry equipment, fractional horsepower motors for electric appliances and other products, and ignition systems for residential and industrial oil furnaces.

Other electrical products manufactured and sold by Scott \& Fetzer include couplers, a specialty line of armored cable terminators, and various other items used
principally in connection with high voltage electric cables, as well as a variety of fittings for use with low voltage electric cables.

Among its other electricai products are television antennas and accessory equipment, both for conventional and mobile home use. Scott \& Fetzer is also engaged in the manufacture and sale of both weather-proof and explosion-proof fittings, junction boxes, instrument housings and control stations for electrical distribution systems. Scott \& Fetzer's electrical products are generally marketed through distributors.

## Lighting

Scott \& Fetzer produces and sells in the United States and Canada numerous designs and models of ceiling and wall lighting fixtures for residential and commercial applications. These fixtures are sold under the Virden, Prestige and Atlas brand names primarily through electrical fixture distributors.

Through its Rembrandt Lamp Division, Scott \& Fetzer manufactures and sells table, floor and swag lamps primarily for residential use. Such products are sold principally by manufacturers' representatives and division salesmen located in major American cities to furniture dealers, department stores, and interior decorators.

## Consumer Protection

 Commission Numerous states and municipalities have enacted laws, and the Federal Trade the consumer a promulgated a regulation effective June 7, 1974, which generally afford made in the a brief period of time in which to disaffirm without cause a direct sale registering of in-the-home salon, other statutes and ordinances require the licensing or the opinion of Scott \& Fetzer's mamagenty provide other consumer safeguards. In a material adverse effect on the sanagement, such laws and regulations have not hadIn November 1974 the Consumer Product Safety Commission notified the Campbell-Hausfeld Division that high pressure "airless" paint spray products may be hazardous to the consumer and would be studied for possible Commission action, which could include the imposition of mandatory safety rules and the recall of such products already sold. In the opinion of the management of Scott \& Fetzer, sales of high pressure "airless" paint spray products are not material to Scott \& Fetzer's overall operations.

## Acquisitions and Dispositions

During the 5 fiscal years ending November 30, 1974, Scott \& Fetzer completed the acquisition of 17 businesses located throughout the United States and Canada of which 13 were accounted for as poolings of interest and 4 were accounted for as purchases. As a result of these acquisitions the Leisure Time line of business was created, and the Commercial/Industrial line of business was substantially augmented. The consideration paid by Scott \& Fetzer in connection with these acquisitions consisted of approximately
$\$ 3,777,000$ in cash and approximately $1,852,000$ Common Shares of Scott \& Fetzer having an approximate aggregate market value of $\$ 61$ million at the respective times of issuance.

In order to eliminate marginal operating units, Scott \& Fetzer during 1972 sold the assets of the Bedford Gear Division and the assets of the Snyder Body product line of Stahl Metal Products Division and during 1974 sold the assets of the Lakewood Industries Division and the stock of the Emmons Tool \& Die Co. Limited. The disposition of these units did not materially affeet the Company's sules or earnings.

## Competition

Although Scott \& Fetzer believes it is among the leading manufacturers in certain of its major product lines, the Company's products are sold in many markets and there is substantial competition in each of the markets it serves. There are a number of companies engaged in manufacturing each class of products made by Scott \& Fetzer.

## Backlog

Scott \& Fetzer does not believe that the dollar amount of backlog of orders and related information is material for an understanding of its business. A substantial portion of Scott \& Fetzer's operations involve the recurring production of standard items that are shipped to the customer relatively shortly after an order is received by Scott \& Fetzer.

## Raw Materials and Supplies

Raw materials required for Scott \& Fetzer's various products are commonly available materials such as steel, zinc, aluminum, brass and copper, which are generally purchased locally from producers and distributors of such items. Suppliers of component parts and castings are located in many areas throughout the country. Scott \& Fetzer does not depend on a single source of supply for its raw materials, component parts or supplies and believes that its sources of supply are adequate.

## Energy

Scott \& Fetzer utilizes oil, gas and electricity as its principal energy sources. There has not been any material disruption of production at any of the Scott \& Fetzer's plants because of energy shortages. However, there is no assurance that energy shortages in the future will not have an adverse effect on Scott \& Fetzer either directly, or indirectly by reason of their effect on customers or suppliers. Scott \& Fetzer has taken steps to conserve energy and to minimize the impact of possible shortages.

## Environmental Controls

Scott \& Fetzer believes its facilities to be generally in compliance with environmental protection requirements. See "Item 5. Legal Proceedings" below. Expenditures for environmental compliance have not been and are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's capital expenditures, earnings and competitive position.

## Product Development, Patents and Trademarks

Scott \& Fetzer is continuously engaged in the refinement and development of its various product lines, development of new applicitions for existing products, and the development of new products. Scott \& Fetzer's expenditures during the fiscal year 1974 relating to such product development were not material.

Scott \& Fetzer uses in its business various trademarks, trade names, patents, trade secrets, and licenses. While a number of these are important to Scott \& Fetzer it does not consider a material part of its business to be dependent on any one or group of them.

## Employees

As of January 1, 1975, Scott \& Fetzer employed approximately 6,300 persons, of whom approximately 1,400 were salaried and approximately 4,900 were hourly, Approximately 3,100 of the hourly employees in 25 of Scott \& Fetzer's 55 plants are represented by labor organizations, Scott \& Fetzer has enjoyed gencrally good relations with its employees. Strikes at two of Scott \& Fetzer's divisions during 1974 of three and five weeks duration, respectively, were satisfactorily settled but resulted in lost production which reduced carnings in the third quarter of the 1974 fiscal year. Approximately 255 employees are covered by 5 labor contracts which are scheduled for renegotiation during fiscal 1975.

In addition to an employee benefits program which includes paid vacations, insurance, disability benefits. hospitalization benefits, and medical benefits, Scott \& Fetzer has in effect for its divisions and subsidiaries various pension and retirement plans for salaried and hourly personnel, including non-contributory trusteed plans, and profit sharing retirement plans. See Note 8 to Financial Statements for information concerning contributions by Scoti \& Fetzer under such plans, unfunded past service cost, and other data.

Item 2, Sumary of (perations:

Net, sules
Cost of riends sold (4)
Interest expenne:
lone-term debt
Other Interest

| [ollars ir Theusnds) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1975 | 1974 |
| 4 161, 112 | + 188, 730 | 4 4-203 3 ris | (1)70,724 | 4. 21.258 |
| 115,276 | 133.159 | 163,318 | 192, 58 | 2*5,333 |
| 540 | 460 | 337 105 | 219 | 1,070 1,523 |
| 790 | 627 | 533 | 0 | 2,593 |
| $3: 3$ | 1,137 | 1,538 | 1,670 | 1,203 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 10,82[ \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $23,919$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,867 \\ 128 \end{array}$ | 17,115 | 9,907 1,125 |
| 11.150 | 14,876 | 18,533 | 19,195 | 12,235 |
| \$ 11.377 | \$ 14,346 | \$ 18,189 | \$ 20,859 | $\pm 13,696$ |
| \$1.53 | \$1.97 | \$2. 40 | \$2.76 | \$3. 81 |
| \$.80 | \$. 80 | \$ ${ }^{\text {P }}$ : 83 | \$1.00 | \$ $\$ .00$ |
| 7,413, 900 | 7,537,050 | 7,563,354 | 7,571, 100 | 7, 552,720 |

(1) Includea in the summary of operations for all years are the results of operations for the five-year period of businesses acquired in transactions accounted for as poolings of interest. Thare have been no poolines since 1973 . The results of four tusinesses arquired in transactions accounted for as purchasen are included only from the acquired in transactions accoun in 1971, 1972 and 1974 , and are not material. Also included in the summary of cperations to dates of disposition are the results of five businesses disposed of since 1909, which were not material.
$\therefore$ Provision for income taxes combines the historical tax expense of individual companies investment tax credits were not material in amount and have been applied as reductions of income taxes currently payable.
(3) The incone statements for the five years ended November 30 , 1074 previcusiv feported by sect $:$ :retzer have been restated to reflect retroactively the results of all acquisitione durine that period. Sales and net income as originaliy pubiished and the maurte retroactively included as a result of poolings of interests subsequent to the oritinal publication are as follows:

|  | Dollars in thousends) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| Net sales: <br> Oricinally published <br> As a result of subsequent poolines | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 116,368 \\ 44,744 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 159,035 \\ 19,694 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 233,610 \\ 5,751 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$270,714 | 5321,258 |
|  | \$161.112 | \$188,730 | \$229,361 | \$270,714 | \$291. 258 |
| Net Income: Originally published As a result of subsequent poolings | $\begin{array}{r} \$, 854 \\ 2,513 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13,368 \\ 1,478 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 17,722 \\ 467 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$ 20,860 | \$ 13,696 |
|  | \$ 11.377 | \$ 14,846 | \$18.189 | E 20,829 | \$ 13,696 |

4) In the year ended Novenber 30,2974 , the Company changed the method of inventory valuation for a substantial portion of its domestic inventories from the first-in, firrt-out "FIFN" method to the last-in, first-out, "LIFO" method. The effect of this chance was to reduce net income for $197^{\prime} 4$ by approximately $\$ 4,250,000$ or $\& 55$ per share. Gee Note 2 of Notes to Finmoias Statements.
(5) Earnines per share data is computed on the basis of the average shares outstandine each: year includirg common equivalent shares, after retroactive aduetment for shares issued in sonnection with merers and aquisitions accounted for as poclings of interests. common equivalent shares (re stock options) were 28,405 for 1973 , 32,054 for 1072 and 32,700 for 1971.

## management's discussion and analysis of the summary of operations

Fiscal 1974 Compared To Fiscal 1973.
In 1974 the Company's sales increased $\$ 20,544,000$ or $8 \%$ above 1973 sales primarily due to an increase in selling prices. However, net income dropped $34 \%$ from $\$ 20,869,000$ in 1973 to $\$ 13,696,000$ in 1974 principally because of increased cost of goods sold due to the shift to the LIFO method of inventory valuation and increased costs not fully recovered by increased selling prices, substantially increased interest expense and the effect of two work stoppages.

In 1974 the cost of goods sold increased approximately $15 \%$ reflecting higher costs of labor, raw materials and purchased parts. Scott \& Fetzer incurred increased interest expense in 1974 over 1973 of approximately $\$ 1,900,000$ due to higher bank borrowings required to finance the higher levels of inventories and receivables.

The Company's change in method of accounting for a substantial portion of its inventory from the FIFO to the LIFO method was made to more accurately match current costs with sales and to minimize the effect of inflation on inventories and carnings. The effect of this change was to decrease net income by approximately $\$ 4,250,000$ or $\$ .56$ per share.

The decrease in the actual amount of tax resulted from the decrease in the amount of pretax income. However, the effective tax rate (Federal, state, local and Canadian) in 1974 was $47.2 \%$ as compared with $47.9 \%$ in 1973 . This decrease was due to higher investment tax credits and increased export activities of Scott \& Fetzer's DISC subsidiary. The increase in deferred Federal taxes was due largely to the excess of depreciation for tax purposes over depreciation for financial reporting purposes of a substantially increased asset base in 1974 versus 1973.

Fiscal 1973 Compared To Fiscal 1972.
Sales volume increased $\$ 41,353,000$ or $18 \%$ in 1973 as compared to 1972. This increase principally resulted from increased unit sales, particularly in the floor care and leisure time markets. Only a small portion of the increase resulted from higher selling prices because Federal controls on prices were in effect during 1973. Net income for 1973 was $\$ 20,689,000$ or $15 \%$ higher in 1973 than in 1972. This increase primarily resulted from the increased sales, although the full effect of the increased sales was partially offset by the increased cost of goods sold.

Cost of goods sold was approximately $\$ 33,271,000$ or $20 \%$ higher in 1973 than in 1972 reflecting the increase of sales volume, higher labor costs and increased prices which the Company had to pay to its suppliers.

Scott \& Fetzer's effective tax rate (Federal, state, local and Canadian) decreased from $50.5 \%$ in 1972 to $47.9 \%$ in 1973. This decrease was due principally to greater investment tax credits. Despite this decrease in the effective rate, the actual amount of taxes paid increased approximately $\$ 663,000$ or $4 \%$ because of greater pretax income.

## Item 3. PROPERTIES

Scott \& Fetzer's various operations are conducted in 55 facilities in 48 locations in 14 states and in the Canadian provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Many of Scott \& Fetzer's facilities are relatively now and modern, while other facilities have been in operation for a substantial number of years. For the three hiscal years 1972 through 1974, Scott \& Fetzer has invested approximately $\$ 33,200,000$ for new facilities, automation, expansion and cost reduction equipment. During the 1974 fiscal year Scott \& Fetzer began operations in, or commenced construction of, 5 new manufacturing plants and 6 additions to existing plants. The manufacturing capacity of Scott \& Fetzer's facilities is generally adequate at current levels of operation. Various of Scott \& Fetzer's facilities, including several of the new facilities, are leased, as to some of which Scott \& Fetzer has options to purchase. For additional information concerning the lease obligations of Scott \& Fetzer see Note 9 to the Financial Statements.

## Item 4. PARENTS AND SUBSIDIARIES

There are no parents of the Registrant. The principal subsidiaries of the Registrant are as follows:

Subsidiaries of the Registrant
Dek Process of La., Inc. Melben Products Co., Inc. SFZ International Limited Scott \& Fetzer (Canada) Ltd. The Scott \& Fetzer International Company

| State of <br> Incorporation | Percentage <br> of Stock <br> Owned |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | $100 \%$ |
| Louisiana | 100 |
| Ohio | 100 |
| Ontario | 100 |
| Ontario | 100 |

The accounts of these subsidiaries are included in the consolidated statements.
The Registrant has several inactive subsidiaries, which considered in the aggregate as a single subsidiary, would not constitute a significant subsidiary.

## Item 5. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Federal Trade Commission has notified Scott \& Fetzer by letter of a nonpublic investigation of its Kirby Division. The nature and scope of the investigation is to determine whether or not the Kirby Division may be engaged in unfair or deceptive acts or practices in violation of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act in connection with the sale of vacuum cleaners, accessories and attachments, or any other merchandise throughout the United States. Scott \& Fetzer believes that it is not in viohation of the Act.

In April of 1974, a Hearing Commissioner for the Air Pollution Control Board of the State of Indiana ruled that a foundry operation of the Company's Campbell-Hausfeld Division located in West Harrison, Indiana was in violation of the Indiana Air Pollution Control Board Regulations and ordered the submission of plans for the installation of certain corrective pollution control facilities, estimated to cost approximately $\$ 400,000$. However, the Company recently established a new automated casting operation utilizing electric furnaces, and consequently, due to age and the cost of the proposed corrective pollution control facilities, the West Harrison foundry operation was slut down and its re-opering is dependent upon the level of future demand for castings.

## Item 6. INCREASES AND DECREASES IN OUTSTANDING SECURITIES

(a) Increases and decreases in Common Shures without par value (stated value of $\$ 1.25$ per share).

Transaction
Increases

## Decreases

## Outstanding at

November 30, 1973
Issuance of shares upon
the exercise of outstanding
stock options, various dates
between December 18, 1973
and March 13, 1974
11,075

Outstanding at November 30, 1974
(b) Revolving Notes in the aggregate amount of $\$ 24,600,000$ were issued to banks during 1974 pursuant to the Loan Agreement dated as of August 1, 1974 between Scott \& Fetzer and five banks. At November 30, 1974 Revolving Notes in the aggregate amount of $\$ 24,600,000$ were outstanding. The Revolving Notes were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance upon the exemption contained in section 4(2) of that Act.

## Item 7. APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF EQUITY SECURITY HOLDERS

Set forth below is the approximate number of holders of record of the equity securities of the Registrant as at November 30, 1974:

| Title of Class | Approximate Number <br> of Record Holders |
| :--- | :---: |
| Common Shares without par <br> value (stated value <br> of $\$ 1.25$ per share) | 9900 |

## Item 8. EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The following is a schedule of the names, ages and positions of all officers of the Registrant. There are no family relationships among these officers. All executive officers are elected annually by the Directors.

| Name | Age | $\frac{\text { Title }}{}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John Bebbington | 49 | Group Vice President |

John Bebbington has been employed by the Registrant as Group Vice President since July 19, 1971. For at least two years prior to such date he was employed by Borg Warner Corporation, Morse Chain Division in such capacities as Vice President Operations and Vice President Manufacturing. Morse Chain Division of Borg Warner Corporation is in the business of manufacturing power transmission components.

## J. F. Bradley

Executive Vice President Finance
J. F. Bradley has been employed by the Registrant as Executive Vice President Finance since March 1, 1972. For at least three years prior to March 1, 1972, he was Vive President-Finance of TRW Inc. TRW Inc. is a diversified manufacturing company.

Carl W. Goldbeck
Group Vice President
Carl W. Goldbeck has been employed by the Registrant for more than five years in such capacities as Division Vice President and Group Vice President.

## Name <br> Niles H. Hammink

Niles H. Hammink has been employed by the Registrant for more than five years as President and Chief Executive Officer, and since September 1, 1974 as Chairman.

## James H. Heyne

James H. Heyne has been employed by the Registrant for more than five years in such capacities as Division President, Group Vice President and Executive Vice President Operations.

## Kenneth D. Hughes

Kenneth D. Hughes has been employed by the Registrant since January 5, 1970 in such capacities as Treasurer, Controller and Assistant Secretary.

## Quigg Lohr

Quigg Lohr has been employed by the Registrant for more than five years in such capacities as Executive Vice President and Secretary and Senior Executive Vice President. Sanior Executive Vice Prisialit.

Senior Executive Vice President

Treasurer, Controller and Assistant Secretary

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Executive Vice President Operations

Walter A. Rajki
Group Vice President

Walter A. Rajki has been employed by the Registrant for more than five years in such capacities as Division President and Group Vice President.
Name
Age
Ralph E. Schey
50

Ralph E. Schey was elected
President and Chief Operating Officer of the Registrant as of September 1, 1974. In 1970 and 1971 he was President of Joseph, Mellen and Miller, Inc., a Cleveland investment banking firm, and thereafter until his election as President and Chief Operating Officer he was a private consultant directing venture capital activities involving several Cleveland companies.

Robert C. Weber

Secretary and General
Counsel
Robert C. Weber was employed by the Registrant on October 1, 1971 as General Counsel and Assistant Secretary and has held the position of Secretary since December 20, 1972. For at least two years prior to October 1, 1971 he was Assistant Secretary and Corporate Counsel of True Temper Corporation, a manufacturing company.

## Item 9. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The information required by ltem 9 remains unchanged from the information given in response to this Item in Scott \& Fetzer's annual report on Form 10-K, dated February 26, 1973, filed for its 1972 fiscal year (Commission File No. 0-231), except that section 1701.13(E) of the Ohio Revised Code, pertaining to the indemnification of officers and Directors, was amended during 1974. Set forth below is the text of section 1701.13(E) as presently in effect.

Ohio Revised Code, Section 1701.13(E), as amended, effective September 30, 1974.
(E) (1) A corporation may indemnify or agree to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party, to any threatened, pending, or completed action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, other than an action by or
in the right of the corporation, by renson of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, domestic or foreign, nonprofit or for profit, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys' fecs, judgments, fincs, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with such action, suit, or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit, or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, he had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.
(2) A corporation may indemnify or agree to indemnify any person who was or is a party, or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending, or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, domestic or foreign, nonprofit or for profit, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise against expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue, or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable for negligence or misconduct in the performance of his duty to the corporation unless, and only to the extent that the court of common pleas, or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability, but in view of ail the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court of common pleas or such other court shall deem proper.
(3) To the extent that a director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit, or proceeding referred to in divisions (E)(1) and (E)(2) of this section, or in defense of any claim, issue, or matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection therewith.
(4) Any indemnification under divisions $(E)(1)$ and $(E)(2)$ of this section, unless ordered by a court, shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, trustec, officer, employee, or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in divisions (E)(1) and (E)(2) of this section. Such determination shall be made (a) by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors of the indemnifying corporation who were not and are not parties to or threatened with any such action, suit, or proceeding, or (b), if such a quorum is not obtainable or if a majority vote of a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, in a written opinion by independent legal counsel other than an attorney, or a firm having associated with it an attorney, who has been retained by or who has performed services for the corporation, or any person to be indemnified within the past five years, or (c) by the shareholders, or (d) by the court of common pleas or the court in which such action, suit, or proceeding was brought. Any determination made by the disinterested directors under division $(E)(1)(a)$ or by independent legal counsel under division $(E)(4)(b)$ of this subdivision shall be promptly communicated to the person who threatened or brought the action or suit, by or in the right of the corporation under division (E)(2) of this section, and within ten days after receipt of such notification, such person shall have the right to petition the court of common pleas or the court in which such action or suit was brought to review the reasonableness of such determination.
(5) Expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred in defending any action, suit, or proceeding referred to in divisions $(E)(1)$ and $(E)(2)$ of this section, may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit, or proceeding as authorized by the directors in the specific case upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent to repay such amount, unless it shall ultimately be determined that he is entitled to be indemnified by the corporation as authorized in this section.
(6) The indemnification provided by this section shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under the articles or the regulations or any agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors, or otherwise, both as to action in his official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent and shall inture to the bencfit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of such a person.
(7) A corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, domestic or foreign, nonprofit or for profit partnership, joint venture, trust,
or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under this section.
(8) As used in this division, references to "corporation" includes all constituent corporations in a consolidation or merger and the new or surviving corporation, so that any person who is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of such a constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director, trustee, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, domestic or foreign, nonprofit or for profit, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise shall stand in the same position under this section with respect to the new or surviving corporation as he would if he had served the new or surviving corporation in the same capacity.

Item 10. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS FILED
(a) The financial statements filed as part of this report are listed on the Index to Financial Statements at page $F-1$ of the attached financial statements and schedules of the Registrant.
(b) Exhibits

1. Loan Agreement dated as of August 1, 1974 among The Scott \& Fetzer Company and five banks (Exhibit to Form 8-K Report of The Scott \& Fetzer Company for the month of August 1974 and incorporated by reference).

2a. Letter dated August 5, 1974 from The Prudential Insurance Company of America to The Scott \& Fetzer Company agreeing to an amendment to the Note Agreement dated October 11, 1965. (This exhibit is a basic document pursuant to Rule 12b-34 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

2b. Letter dated February 7, 1975 from The Prudential Insurance Company of America to The Scott \& Fetzer Company agreeing to an amendment to the Note Agreement dated October 11, 1965. (This exhibit is a basic document pursuant to Rule 12b-34 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)
3. Letter dated February 28, 1975 from Coopers \& Lybrand to The Scott \& Fetzer Company approving the change in inventory method accounting.

## PART II

## Items 11-15

Since the close of the fiscal year, the Registrant has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a definitive proxy statement pursuant to Regulation 14A, which involved the election of Directors. Therefore, the information called for by Part II of Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ has been omitted.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY
$\frac{\text { Quigg Lohr }}{\substack{\text { Quigg Lohr, Senior Executive } \\ \text { Vice President }}}$

February 28, 1975

INDEX TO FINANCTAL STATEMENIS AND SCHEDULES

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| :---: | :---: |
| Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants |  |
| Consolidated Financial Statements: <br> Balance Sheet, November 30, 1974 and 1973 | $\mathrm{F}-3-\mathrm{F}-4$ |
| Statement of Income for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973 | F-5 |
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| Statement of Changes in Financial Position for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973 Notes to Financial Statements | $F-7$ $\mathrm{~F}-8-\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{l} 7$ |
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| Summary of Operations (See Item 2) Consent of Independent Certified Public Accountants | F-23 |

The individual financial statements of the Registrant are omitted becautse the Registrant is primarily an operating company and all subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements filed are totallyheld subsidiaries.
Schedules I, II, III, IV, VIII, X, XI, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII and XIX are omitted as the information required is either not pertinent or not significant, and Schedules IX and XIII are omitted because the data is given in Notes to Financial Statements.


To the Board of Directors and shareholders The Scott \& Fetzer Company

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of The Scott \& Fetzer Company and subsidiary companies as of November 30, 1974 and 1973, the related consolidated statements of income and retained earnings and changes in financial position for the two years then ended, and the supporting schedules, all as listed in the accompanying Index to financial statements and Schedules. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the above-mentioned financial statements present fairly the consolidated financial position of The boott \& Fetzer Company and subsidiary companies at November 30, 1944 and 1973, the consolidated results of their operations and the changes in financial position for the two years then ended, and the supporting schedules present fairly the information required to be reported therein, all in conformity with generally aceented accounting principles applied on a consistent basis except frov the change, with which we concur, in the method of valuing inventory as described in Note 2 to the financial statements.


Cleveland, Ohto
January 29, 1975
(Except as to Note 13
under date of
February ary, 1975)

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANGE SHEET, as at November 30, 1974 and 1973 (Dollars in Thousands)


The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY AND SUBSIDTARY COMPANIFS CONSOLIDAIHD BALANCF SHEET, as at November 30, 1974 and 197.3
(Dollars in Thousands)

LIABILITIES
Current liabilities:
Notes payable, bank
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6
Accounts payable, trade
Accounts payable, other
Federal and Canadian income taxes
Accrued liabilities:
Taxes
Salarles, wages and commissions Interest
Pension and profit-sharing plans (Note 8) Other

Total current liabilities
Long-term debt (Note 6):
Loans under revolving credit agreement
Other long-term debt
Deferred income taxes
Total liabilities
Commitments and contingent liabilities
(Notes 7, 8 and 9)
SHAREHO'LDERS' EQUITY
Qerial preference stock:
Authorized 1,000,000 shares, without par value, issued shares - rone
Common stock:
Authorized 15,000,000 shares, without par value
Stated value of issued shares $\$ 1.25$ per share $1974-7,558,185$ shares less 3,361 in treasury, 1973-7,558,185 shares less 14, 436 in treasury (Notes 10 and 11)
Additional capital (Note ll)
Retained earnings (Note 6)

| LIABILITIES | $\bigcirc 74$ | 1973 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Notes payable, bank |  | \$ 8,095 |
| Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6) | . 4488 | 12 620 |
| Accounts payable, trade | 20,647 | 12,929 |
| Accounts payable, other | 1,051 | 1,674 |
| Federal and Canadian income taxes | 1,787 | 3.757 |
| Accrued liabilities: |  |  |
| Taxes | 1,982 | 2,561 |
| Salarles, wages and commissions | 2,953 | 2,819 |
| Interest | 267 | 162 |
| Pension and profit-sharing plans (Note 8) Other | 2,103 1,279 | 2,069 2,739 |
| Total current liabilities | 32,517 | 37,406 |
| Long-term debt (Note 6): |  |  |
| Loans under revolving credit agreement | 24,000 2,824 |  |
| Other long-term debt | 2,824 | 3,334 |
| Deferred income taxes | 2,651 | 1,499 |
| Total liabilities | 62,592 | 42,239 |
| Commitments and contingent liabilities (Notes 7, 8 and 9) |  |  |
| SHAREHO'LDERS' EQUITY |  |  |
| Rerial preference stock: <br> Authorized 1,000,000 shares, without par |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Common stock: <br> Authorized 15,000,000 shares, without par value |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Stated value of issued shares $\$ 1.25$ per share |  |  |
| 1974-7,558, 185 shares less 3,361 in |  |  |
| treasury, 1973-7,558,185 shares less |  |  |
| 14,436 in treasury (Notes 10 and 11) | 9,444 | 9,429 |
| Additional capital (Note lil) 5,091 5,548 |  |  |
| Retained earnings (Note 6) | 85,002 | 78,860 |
|  | 100,137 | 93,837 |
|  | \$162,729 | \$136,076 |

$-74$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

THE SCOTT \& FETEER COMPANY AND SURSTDTARY COMPANTES CONSOLTDATED STATEMENI OF INCOME
for the year ended November 30, 1974 and 1973
(Dollars in Thousands)

Net sales
Cost of goods sold (Note 2)
Gross profit
Selling, general and administrative expenses

## Operating profit

Other income:
Interest
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment
Royalties
Miscellaneous

| 1974 <br> $\$ 291,258$ | 1973 <br> $\$ 270,714$ <br> 226,393 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 64,865 | 196,589 |
| 74,125 |  |

thex expense:
Interest:
Iong-term debt
Other
Miscellaneous

Other income and expense, net
Income before provision for income taxes
Provision for income taxes:
State and local
U. S. and Canadian:

Currently payable
Deferred

Net income for the year
Earnings per common and common equivalent shares
Dividends per common share
Average number of common and common equivalent shares (000's)

| 36,751 |
| ---: |
| $28,1,14$ |
| - |

429
152
359
1,347

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATFMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS
for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973
(Dollars in Thousands)

| Balance, beginning of year | $\frac{1974}{1.973}$ | $\frac{\$ 78,860}{\$ 65,447}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net income for year | $\frac{13,696}{92,556}$ | $\frac{20,869}{86,316}$ |
| Cash dividends - per share 1974-\$1.00, |  |  |
| $1973-\$ 1.00$ |  |  |

[^0]THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLTDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAI POSJTION for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973
(Dollars in Thousands)

Increase in working capital
Increase (decrease) in components of
Current assets:
Cash and certificates of deposit Marketable investments Trade and other receivables Inventories Prepaid expenses

Current liabilities:
Notes and current portion of long-term
debt
Trade and other payables
Accrued liabilities including taxes

Increase in working capital
1974
1973
Source of funds: From operations:

Net income
Depreciation and amortization Deferred federal income taxes

Total from operations
Loans under revolving credit agreement
Sale of common stock under stock options

| $\$ 13,696$ | $\$ 20,869$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4,207 | $\$, 863$ <br> 1,152 |
| 19,055 | 24,650 |
| 24,600 | 158 |
| 158 | 136 |
| 448 | 556 |
| 222 |  |

Disposal of fixed assets notes receivable
222
Construction trust funds used to purchase
fixed assets
Other, net increase
Application of funds:
Cash dividends
Additions to property, plant and equipment

| 98 | 286 <br> 45 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 44,581 |  | 25,673 |
| 7,554 | 7,456 |  |
| 12,473 | 12,753 |  |
| 510 | 757 |  |
| 20,590 |  | 20,966 |
| 223,991 | $\$ 4,707$ |  |

Decrease in long-term debt
Intangibles from acquisition
\$23,991
\$4,707

## working capital:

| \$ 4,042 | (218) |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(706)$ | $(6,549)$ |
| 4,885 | 3,396 |
| 10,179 | 17,954 |
| 214 | 270 |
| 19,102 | 14,365 |



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Arcounting Policies, Continued:

Business Combinations - Where combinations qualify as "poolings of interests" the results of operations include those of acquisitions for the entire current year and financial statements of the preceding year are restated therefor. There were no poolings in 1974. Acquisitions which constitute "purchases" are included in operations from the date of acquisition, and amounts assigned to intansibles after 1970 are being amortized on a straight-line basis over a 40-year period.

Translation of Foreign Currencies - The accounts of Canadian subsidiaries, which in the aggregate are not significant, have heen translated into United States dollars as follows: property, plant and equipment and depreciation at parity, other assets and liabilities at current exchange rates and sales, costs and expenses at the average exchange rates for the period. Unrealized gains or

Earnings per Share - Earnings per common share are determined by dividing the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding plus common share equivalents (shares issuable for certain stock options granted) into net income.
2. Change in Accounting Policy:

In the year ended November 30, 1974, the Company changed the method of inventory valuation for certain divisions from the first-in, first-out "FIFO" method to the last-in, first-out "LIFO" method. This change was made to more accurately match current costs with sales and to minimize the effect of inflation on inventories and earnings. The excess of FIFO cost over LIFO cost on divisions adopting LIFO was about $\$ 8,100,000$ and the effect of the change was to reduce net income by and the effect of the change was to reduce net income by
approximately $\$ 4,250,000$ or $\$ .56$ per share. There is no cumulative effect of the change on prior periods since the November 30, 1973 inventory as previously reported is the openine inventory under the last-in, first-out method. Inventories used in the computation of cost of goods sold were as follows:

70,527

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
5. Intangible Assets Arising From Acquisitions:

Intangible assets arising from acquisitions represent the excess of cost over the net tangible assets of purchased companies at dates of acquisition. Intangible assets arising from acquisitions after November 30, 1970 are being amortized over forty years. Amortization has not been taken in prior years because, in the opinion of the Company, there has been no diminution in vall.. DUE TO POOR PHOTOGRAPHIC QUALITY OF THIS DOCUMENT.
6. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term debt at November 30, 1974 is as follows (dollars in thousands):
C. rent Noncurrent

$$
\$ 24,600
$$

$\$ 111$
504
200 I,500 rance company loan, $6 \%$, maturities to 1980
obligations under Lease/Purchase Agreements, $4 \frac{1}{4} \%$ to $8 \%$, maturities to 1988

137
$\$ 448$
$\$ 27,424$

The Company has a revolving credit agreement with five banks. The agreement provides for maximum borrowings of $\$ 30,000,000$ pursuant to which revolving loans may be obtained until August 1, 1977. The agreement requires maintenance with each bank of a compensating balance that is not less than $10 \%$ of the amounts available plus $5 \%$ of the unpaid principal balances. If the average compensating balance maintained by the Company with any bank during any month is less than the required minimum, the bank will be paid a fee on such deficit at $115 \%$ of the principal bank's base rate in effect on the first day of the month. Since August, 1974, amounts borrowed averaged $\$ 24,513,513$, with maximum borrowings of $\$ 24,600,000$. There is a commitment ree, based upon the average daily difference between each bank's revolving credit and its unpaid principal balance, computer a.t the rate of $\frac{1}{2} \%$ per annum. The weighted average interest rate on the borrowings including the effect of the fees and compensating balance was $13 \%$, with a high during the year of $14.6 \%$. Average compensating balances maintained for all banks during fiscal 1974 were $\$ 3,382,000$. At year-end, total cash balances at two banks were $\$ 371,288$ below the compensating balances computed under the maintenance provision. At the three other banks compensatins balances were substantially in excess of balances required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
6. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued:

The agreement provides for prepayment in whole or in part without penalty and requires, among other covenants, the maintenance of consolidated net current assets (excess of current assets over current liabilities) of not less than $\$ 60,000,000$ and consolidated net worth (snareholders' equity) of not less than $\$ 90,000,000$. For this purpose, all principal of the revolving loans shall be excluded from current liabilities until December 1, 1976 and shall be included thereafter. The consolidated net current assets and net worth at November 30, 1974 were $\$ 84,496,000$ and $\$ 100,137,000$ or $\$ 24,496,000$ and $\$ 10,137,000$, respectively, in excess of the requirements.

The mortgage loans require aggregate monthly payments of $\$ 11,712$ including interest.
The insurance company loan is payable in annual installments of $\$ 200,000$ on December 31, 1974 and annually thereafter, with a balance of $\$ 500,000$ due in 1980 . Under this loan agreement the Company is not permitted to have borrowings from banks or other lending institutions in excess of $\$ 35,000,000$. The Company, further, has agreed not to pay cash dividends or purchase or retire any of its own shares, if the aggregate so expended for such purposes subsequent to December 1,1967 shall exceed $\$ 5,000,000$ plus $80 \%$ of the consolidated net earnings after December 1, 1967. Retained earnings, unrestricted for such purposes under this insurance company loan, amounted to \$36,895,000 at November 30, 1974; however, under the revolving credit agreement amounts available for such purposes, as explained above, were limited to the excess of net worth at November 30 , 1974 over the a mount required or $\$ 10,137,000$.

Under the terms of three building Lease/Purchase Agreements
(one of which includes equipment) the Company is oblicated for rentals annually approximating $\$ 200,000$ for 1975-1976, $\$ 160,000$ for 1977-1979, \$100,000 for 1980-1981 and \$10,000 for 1982-1988. Annual rentals during the terms of the leases are in amounts sufficient to meet the interest and debt retirement requirements of the related Industrial Revenue Bond certain conditions and at times specified) at amounts stipulated in the agreements, which generally are the balances of the discounted unpaid rentals (and certain premiums) plus amounts of $\$ 1$ to $\$ 500$. The Company has accounted for the transactions as purchases and the obligations have been reflected as liabilities in the balance sheet at the discounted amount of the future lease rental payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
6. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued:

Aggregate maturities of long-term debt during the five-year period ending November 30, 1979 are as follows:

| Year ending November 30, | $\$$448,000 <br> 1975 <br> 1976 |
| :---: | ---: |
| 1977 | 246,000 |
| 1978 | 251,000 |
| 1979 | 423,000 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

7. Contingent Liabilities:

Any liability that may result from lawsuits and other claims pending against the Company and its subsidiaries as of November 30 , 1974 will not be material in the opinion of management of the Company.
8. Pension and Retirement Plans:

The Company and its subsidiaries have in effect various pension and retirement plans for salaried and hourly personnel including noncontributory trusteed plans, noncontributory unfunded plans and profit-sharing retirement plans. Contributions by the Company and its subsidiaries under the plans charged to operations were $\$ 2,236,000$ and $\$ 1,907,000$, respectively, for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973. These include, as to certain of the plans, amortization of past service costs over periods ranging from 25 to 40 years. The amount required to fund the past service costs is estimated at $\$ 8,284,000$.

The Company's policy is to fund pension costs accrued. The aggregate actuarially computed value of vested benefits exceeded the total pension funds and balance sheet accruels by approximately $\$ 2,502,000$ at November 30, 1974.

For a number of years the Company has paid discretionary bonuses to officers and selected employees. The amounts charged against income aggregated $\$ 578,910$ and $\$ 552,800$ for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973, respectively.

NOTEA TO FINANGIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

## 9. Iong-Term Leases:

For leased facilities not capitalized and therefore not reflected on the balance sheet, the approximate minimum annual rentals under noncancelable leases with terms of more than one year, as of November 30, 1974, amount to the following (thousands of dollars):


The present values of the minimum lease commitments for all noncapitalized financinf leases as of November 30, 1974, are as follows:

Land and buildings Machinery and equipment Total

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 7,174,896 \\
688,130 \\
\hline \$ 7,863,026
\end{array}
$$

The above present values were determined using the effective dates of the leases and the interest rates specified in such leases or in effect on such dates. Interest rates used ranted from $4.5^{\%}$ to $12.25^{\%}$ and averared $6.18 \%$. If all financirm leases were capitalized and amortized over the terms of the leases and interest at the foregoing rates were expensed, the effect on income would be immaterial compared with the rent expense of such leases.

Total rent charged to expense for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973 amounted to $\$ 3,487,000$ and $\$ 2,597,000$, respectively, of which $\$ 1,322,000$ and $\$ 1,180,000$, respectively, were applicable to financing lease rentals.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

10. Stock Options:

At November $30,1974,110,725$ shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under outstandine options from a qualified stock option plan adopted in 1967. Under the 1967 plan, the option price may not be less than market value at the date of prant. The options are exercisable one-fourth each year and expire five years after grant.
On March 20, 1973, the stockholders approved the adoption of the 1973 Stock Option Plan which provides for the grantine of either qualified or nonqualified options at prices not less than market value at the date of grant. Qualified options were granted during 1974 under this new stock option plan, and 350,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the plan of which 112,600 were reserved for options outstanding and 237,400 were reserved for future grant.

Information relating to options is set forth below:

Options rranted:
Year ended $\begin{array}{crrrrr}\text { November } 30, & 67,350 & \$ 41.50 & \text { 米 } 2,795,025 & \$ 41.50 & \$ 2,795,025 \\ 1973 & 115,300 & 19.50 & 2,248,350 & 19.50 & 2,248,350\end{array}$
Options becoming exercisable:
Year ended

| November | 30, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1973 | 23,406 | 21.69 | 507,644 | 40.06 | 937,615 |
| 1974 | 36,485 | 29.36 | $1,071,505$ | 19.95 | 727,712 |

options exercised:
Year ended November 30

| 1973 | 7,750 | 17.61 | 136,469 | 40.14 | 311,047 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1974 | 11,075 | 14.14 | 156,606 | 21.41 | 237,144 |

Options outstanding:
$\begin{array}{ccccc}\text { November } \\ 1974\end{array} 30, \quad 223,325 \quad 25.73 \quad 5,745,144 \quad 19.77 \quad 4,414,800$

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

10. Stock Options, Continued:

Options were cancelled durine the two years ended November 30, 1974 as follows:

Years ended November 30, Shares
$\begin{array}{lr}1973 & 3,650 \\ 1974 & 31,475\end{array}$
The Company makes no charce afainst income with respect to options.
11. Changes in Common Shares and Additional Capital:

The changes in common shares and additional capital for the years ended November 30, 1974 (showing the balance as or November 30, 1972 restated for 1973 poolings) were as follows:
(Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Common Stock |  |  | Additional$\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Treasury Shares | Issued Shares | Stated Value |  |
| Falances, November 30, 1972 | $(22,186)$ | 7,558,185 | \$9,420 | \$5,421 |
| Sale of shares under option plan | 7,750 |  | 9 | 127 |
| Balances, November 30, 1973 | (14,436) | 7,558,185 | 9,429 | 5,548 |
| Sale of shares under option plan | 11,075 |  | 15 | 143 |
| Balances, November 30, 1974 | $(3,361)$ | 7,558,185 | \$9,444 | 45,691 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
12. liederal and Canadian Income l'axes:

The effective income tax rates were $44.61 \%$ for the year enter November 30,1974 and $45.64 \%$ for 1973. The difference between these rates and the statutory $U$. $S$. income tax of $48 \%$ resulted from:

Year ended November 30, $1974 \quad 1973$
2.85\% $\quad 1.76 \%$

Investment tax credit
$.97 \quad .33$
Export operations through "DISC" company
Foreign income taxes at effective rates of less than $48 \%$

| $(.25$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $(.68)$ | .11 |
| $\underline{3.39 \%}$ | $\underline{2.36 \%}$ |

Other, net

The provisions for deferred income taxes arise principally from the use of accelerated depreciation methods for income tax purposes in the United States and Canada. Except for the foregoing, deferred income taxes related to other timing differences are individually less than $15 \%$ of the provisions for deferred income taxes in each of the two years ended November 30, 1974.
13. Subsequent Event:

On Fitbruary 25, 1975 the Company entered into a lease/purchase agreement for a new manufacturing plant. The building is being financed by $\$ 2,400,000$ of industrial revenue bonds which mature on October 1, 1985 and are guaranteed by the Company.

B

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the scomt \& fetrer company and subsuitary compantifs
Schedile vi - accumafren mergeiatlin and amortizarton of
for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973

> Column A
> Description
> $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y. ar. endod Novembar } 30, \text { 1974: } \\ & \text { Land improvements }\end{aligned}$ Buildings
> Leasehold improverients
> Machinery and factory equipment Toois, patterns, dies, Jigs, etc $\begin{aligned} & \text { Furniture and fixtures } \\ & \text { Artomobiles and trucks }\end{aligned}$
> $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \stackrel{7}{5}\end{aligned}$
> $\begin{gathered}\text { Year ended November } \\ \text { Lend } \text { imp rovements } \\ \text { 30, 1973: }\end{gathered}$ Buildings
> Loasehold improvements
> $\begin{aligned} & \text { Machinery and factory equipment } \\ & \text { Tools, patterns }\end{aligned}$ Tools, patterns, dies, jigs, etc Automobiles aná crucks

| Column B |
| :---: |
| Balance at Beginning of Perio |
| \$ 176,801 |
| 4,289,493 |
| 587,226 |
| 12,157,069 |
| 2,625,797 |
| 999,837 |
| 179,65? |
| + $212,015,875$ |
| - 144,587 |
| 4,200,901 |
| 470,683 |
| 10,823,648 |
| 2,026,965 |
| 943,249 |
| 207,281 |
| 418,717,314 |


| cotumn C |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Charged to Costs and Expenses |  |
|  |  |
| \$ 41,929 |  |
| 489, ?.08 |  |
|  | 185,6,35 |
| 2,271,943 |  |
| 1,009,777 |  |
| 136,48636,077 |  |
|  |  |
| 44, 171,055 |  |
|  | 35,943 |
| 382,877 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 161,730 \\ 1,813,879 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |
| 698,819 |  |
| 122,301 |  |
|  | 37,817 |


| Column D | Column E |
| :---: | :---: |
| Retirements | Balance at End of Perio |
|  | \$ 218,730 |
| 42,325 | 4,736,376 |
| 48,171 | 724,690 |
| 684,928 | 13,714,0134 |
| 213,694 | 3,421,880 |
| 76,736 | 1,059,587 |
| 64,565 | 151,164 |
| \$12,230,419 | \$24, 056,511 |
| 3,729 | \$ 176,801 |
| 194,285 | 4, 289,493 |
| 45,187 | 587,226 |
| 4,80,458 | 12,157,069 |
| 99,987 | 2,625,797 |
| 65,713 | 999,837 |
| 65,446 | 179,652 |
| + 954,805 | \$21, 015,875 |

the scott is helzeir company and subsidtary companiki
schenule vil - intangible assets
for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973

A) See Note 5 of Notes tc Financial Statements.
b) Reduction due to the sale of assets of Lekewood Division
(c) Reduction due to the sale of a Canadian subsidiary.

| R | 1 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The Scott \& fetzer company and subsidiary companies schedule xil - vaiuation ani qualiffying accounts and reserves for the years ended November 30, 1974 and 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Column A | Coiumn B | Column C |  | Column D | Column E |
|  |  |  | (1) | (2) |  |  |
|  | Iescription | Balance at Beginning of Period | Charged to Costs and Expenses | Charged <br> to Other <br> Accounts | Deductions | Balance End of Period |
|  | Year ended November 30, 1974: <br> Allowance for doubtrul accounts | \$ 758,329 | . ${ }^{\text {\$783, } 780}$ | \$10,200(A) | \$556,683 (B) | \$995,626 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { : } \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \end{aligned}$ | Year ended November 30, 1973: <br> Allowance for doubtful accounts | 整, 014, 437 | \$587,053 |  | \$843,161 (B) | \$758,329 |
|  | (A) Addition due to purchase of Howard Engineering Division. <br> (B) Write-off of uncollectible accounts, less recoveries. |  |  |  |  |  |

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANTES SCHEDULE XVI - SUPPLEMENTARY INCOME STATEMENT INFORMATION for the years ended November 30,1974 and 1973

Column A

Item
Year ended November 30, 1974:
Maintenance and repairs
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment
Taxes, other than income taxes:
Payroll
Real, personal property and other Total

Rents

Column B
Charged to Costs and Expenses
$\$ 3,128,443$
\$4, 177, 054
\$4,580,723
2,098,929
\$6,679,652
\$3,486,801

Year ended November 30, 1973:
Maintenance and repairs
$\$ 3,033,794$
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment
$\$ 3,253,336$
Taxes, other than income taxes:
Payroli
Real, personal property and other
\$4, 216,041
1,629,578
$\$ 5,845,619$
蚆, 596, 8411
Rents Total

Note: Amounts for items other than those reported have been excluded because they amount to less than $1 \%$ of net sales.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TO INCORPORATE BY REFERENCE IN FORM S-16 REGISTRATION STATEMENTS

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference of our report dated January 29, 1975 accompanying the consolidated financial statements of The Scott \& Fetzer Company and subsidiaries included in the Annual Report, Form 10-K (SEC File No. 0-231) in the Form S-16 Registration Statements No. 2-40672, No. 2-40893, No. 2-42168, No. 2-43599, No. 2-44105, No. 2-46262, No. 2-48909, No. 2-50140, No. 2-52112 and No. 2-51467 registering under the Securities Act of 1933 Common Shares of The Scott \& Fetzer Company.


February 14, 1975

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F-23
$$

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D. C. 20549

## FORM $10-\mathrm{K}$

## ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

THE SCOTT \& FETZER COMPANY
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

EXHIBITS

The Scott \& Peter Company
3.1701 jxeiroit Avenue

Lokeveos, ohio itu\%

Gentlemen:

## Attention: K. K. D. Hughes, Treasurer

Reference is made to the agreement between the Scott \& Fetzer Company (herein called the "Comma") and the Prudential Insurance Company of America (herein called "madentisi") dated October 13: 1565, ns heretofore amended (herein called the "Amercement"), jurcuant to which the Company issued and sold end Prudential purchased the Company's Gif promissory note due December 31, 1980 in the principal amount of \&3,000,000 (herein called the "note").
Prudential, as holder or the Note, hereby agrees with the Comma that paraerant $6 c(2)$ of the irreverent is hereby amended by deleting the dollar amount "t es, 000,000 " apparitor in clave (11) and inserting in life thereof the dollar amount "i35,000, 000 ".

Very truly yours:
THE Druderirnt micunaice company or america

cc: Nr. John V. Sager
Jones, Day, Cockier \& Reavio

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THe Gwott & Fetmer Compmy
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imucinjod, Oijio iril07
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 (breven colled the "Comeny") and me Pruiential Insurance comany of Anerica (herein called "Pruacntinl") anted october 11, 1065, as here.
 Company issued and sold and Prudential porchased the Company's 6 proxissory note due Decomber 31, 1930 in the principal amount or $\$ 3, \infty 0,00$ (hercin called the "Note").

Prudential, as holder of the outstanding Hote, hereby consents and airrees that the dollar mount "th, 500,000" enpearing in clause (viii) of pararraih 60(3) of the Axrement shall be domed anmaded to yead "p, $5,00,000$ ", and that the dollare amount " $2,750,000$ " nppearing in mremraph $60(6)$ of the horecrent shall be deened amended to read "43,750,000".

Tary twiny yours,



COOPERS \& LYERAND certified public accountants

in principal areas
OF THE WORLD

February 28, 1975

The Scott \& Fetzer Company
Lakewood, Ohio
Dear Sirs:
We have reviewed the financial information included in The Scott \& Fetzer Company Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ to be filed with the Commission for the year ended November 30, 1274.

The Company reports in the Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ a change in the method of inventory valuation for certain divisions from the first-in, first-out "FIFO" method to the last-in, first-out "LIFO" method. This change was made to more accurately match current costs with sales and to minimize the effect of inflation on inventories and earnings. The "LIFO" method of inventory valuation is an acceptable method under generally accepted accounting principles and we concur with this change.

> Very truly yours,


FHR:ri



[^0]:    The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

